

# Year 8 Mathematics Challenge 2021

Heats, Monday 17th to Wednesday 19th May 2021  
via *Livestorm*



@HfLSecMaths

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Adviser (Secondary Maths)

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# The Four Rounds

Round 1      General Maths questions

Round 2      Memory Round

Round 3      Estimation Round

Round 4      General Maths questions

60 marks for each round.

# Preliminaries

- You should have pens or pencils, rubbers, and rough working out paper only.
- No calculators, no measuring equipment, and no use of computers, phones, Internet etc!
- Your teacher has been sent a spreadsheet to record your answers. This should be returned by e-mail at the end.

**Round 1**

**General  
Mathematics  
Questions**

## Round 1

## Question 1

What is the mean of the first five square numbers?

# Round 1

# Question 2

Here is the start of a sequence of numbers.

1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term
2	5	10	17	26

...

What is the 20th term in the sequence?

## Round 1

## Question 3

$a$  and  $b$  are two different positive integers.

Both  $a$  and  $b$  are less than 10.

The ratio of their **sum** to their **product** is **1 : 2**.

What are the values of  $a$  and  $b$ ?

## Round 1

## Question 4

Dan takes some money on a shopping trip.

He spends **half** of the money on clothes.

He spends **one-third** of the **rest** on food.

He then has £46 left.



How much did he spend on clothes?



# Round 1

# Question 5

Here is a multiplication square with some missing numbers.

What number should go in the green square?

<b>×</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>5</b>	10	15	
		24	104
		51	

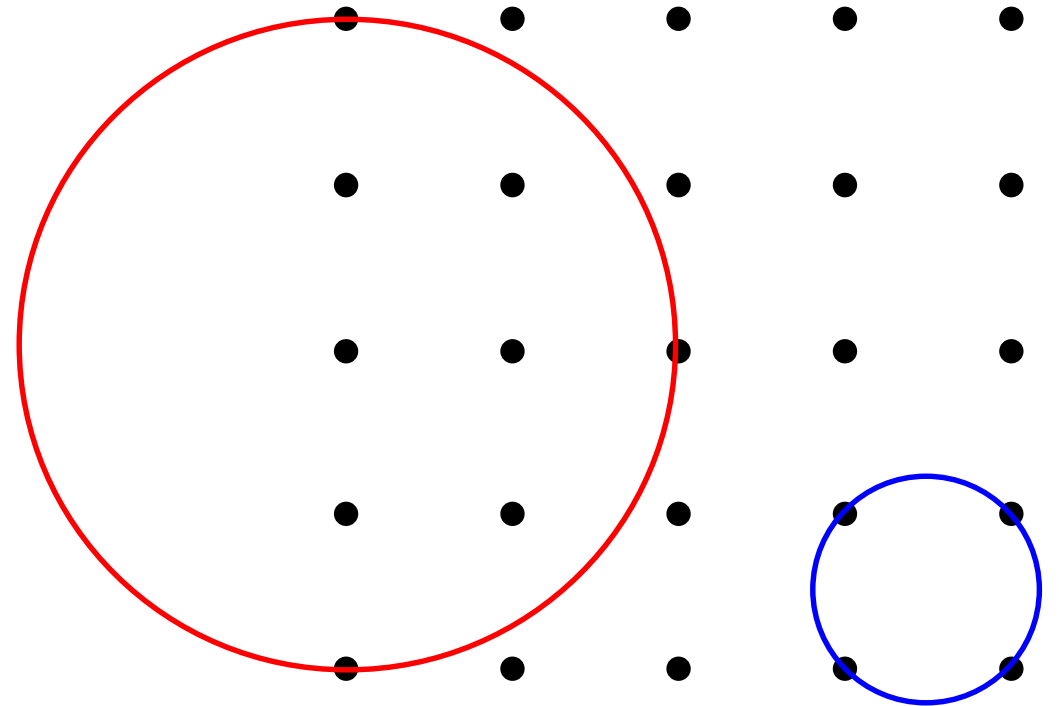
# Round 1

# Question 6

25 dots are arranged in a square array.

The **red circle** passes through **3** of the dots.

The **blue circle** passes through **4** of the dots.



What is the highest number of these dots a circle could pass through?

End of  
Round 1

**Round 2**

**Memory  
Round**

# Memory Round

We are going to show a mathematical poster to two members of the team (the **observers**).

The other two members of the team (the **scribes**) will not see the poster. The observers must describe the poster from memory, and the scribes must draw it.

The observers are not allowed to draw the poster, or make notes when they are looking at the poster.


When describing the poster, observers must use words only. They are not allowed to draw anything, or use their hands in any way.

# Memory Round

The poster will be shown on the screen. The scribes must go into a different room, so they cannot see it.

The observers will have **four** chances to view the poster.

- 30 seconds to view
- 2 minutes to go and describe
- 30 seconds to view
- 2 minutes to describe
- 30 seconds to view
- 2 minutes to describe
- 30 seconds to view
- 2 minutes to describe



Scribes can draw at any time during the whole period.

# Memory Round

Pencils and rubbers only. No rulers or other equipment.

Advice for Scribes: please note that the poster is in **landscape** orientation.

Advice for Observers: do not try to memorise the whole poster at the first viewing.

Each showing of the poster will be preceded by a 30-second warning, so the observers can get into position.

At the end, the finished poster should be photographed or scanned and sent in by e-mail.

(E-mail address to follow at end of round.)

# Memory Round

You now have one minute to  
decide who will be the  
observers and who will be  
the scribes ... and to get into  
position!



# Memory Round

Poster about to be  
displayed for the  
first time.

$$y = x^2$$

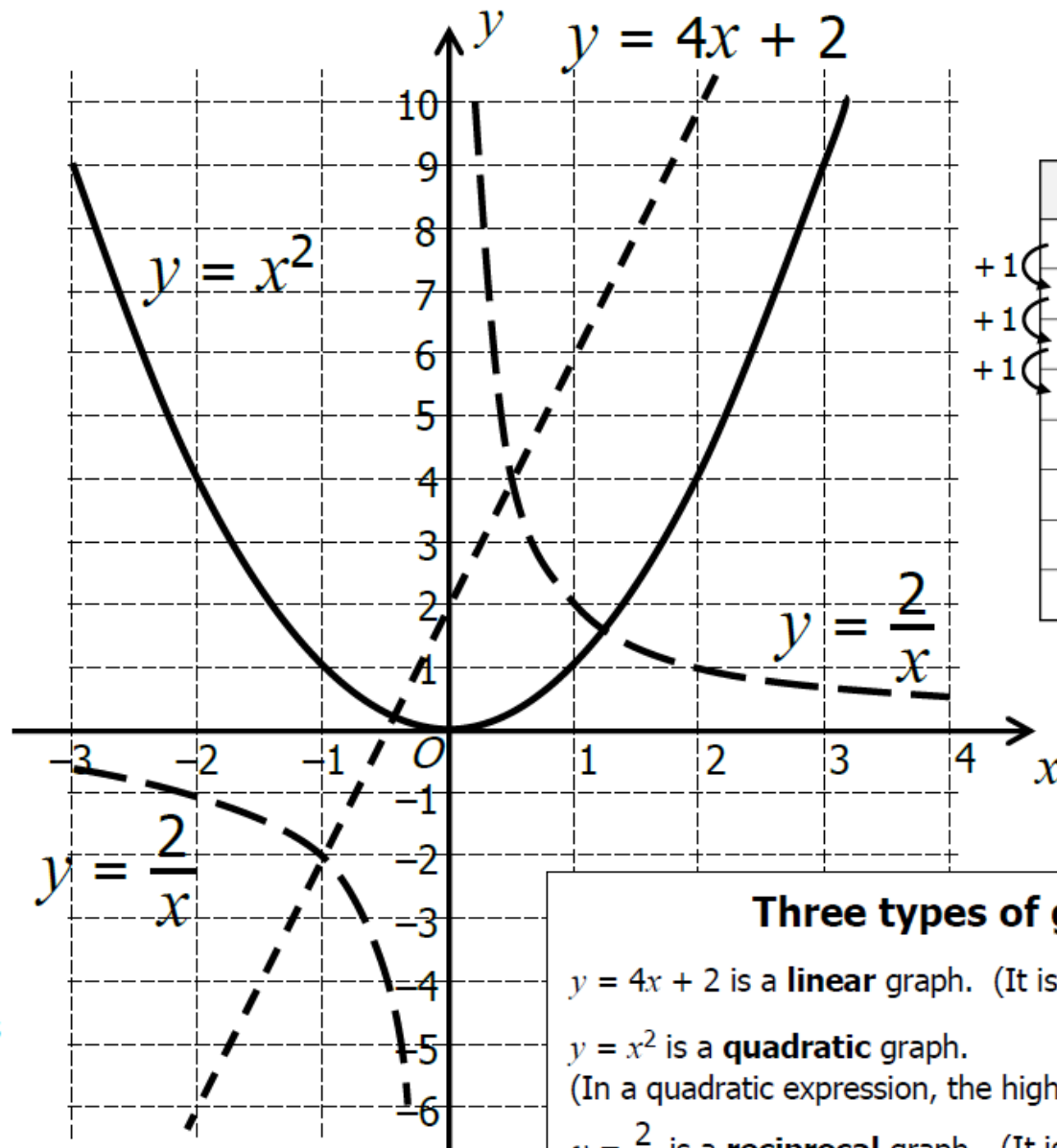
x	y
-3	9
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16

(Squaring a negative number gives a positive number)

$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$

x	y
-2	-1
-1	-2
-0.5	-4
0.5	4
1	2
2	1
4	0.5

(Note that  $2 \div 0$  is meaningless.)



$$y = 4x + 2$$

x	y
-3	-10
-2	-6
-1	-2
0	2
1	6
2	10
3	14
4	18

Gradient = 4

### Three types of graph

$y = 4x + 2$  is a **linear** graph. (It is a straight line.)

$y = x^2$  is a **quadratic** graph.  
(In a quadratic expression, the highest power of  $x$  is 2.)

$y = \frac{2}{x}$  is a **reciprocal** graph. (It is  $\frac{1}{x}$ , the 'reciprocal of  $x$ ', multiplied by 2.)

**Round 2**

**Memory  
Round**

# Memory Round

Second viewing of  
poster coming up!

$$y = x^2$$

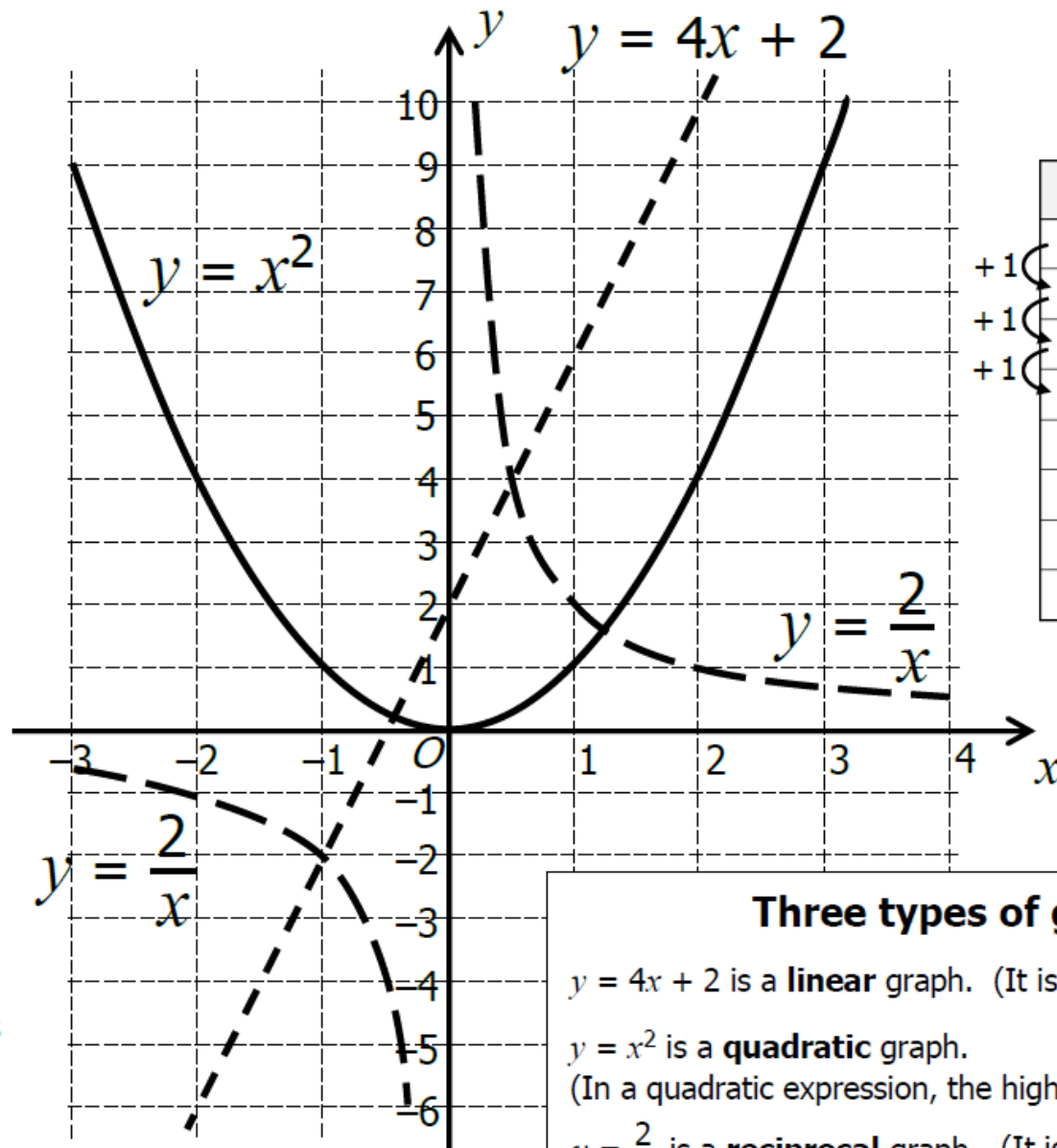
x	y
-3	9
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16

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0.5	4
1	2
2	1
4	0.5

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**Round 2**

**Memory  
Round**

# Memory Round

Third viewing of  
poster coming up!

$$y = x^2$$

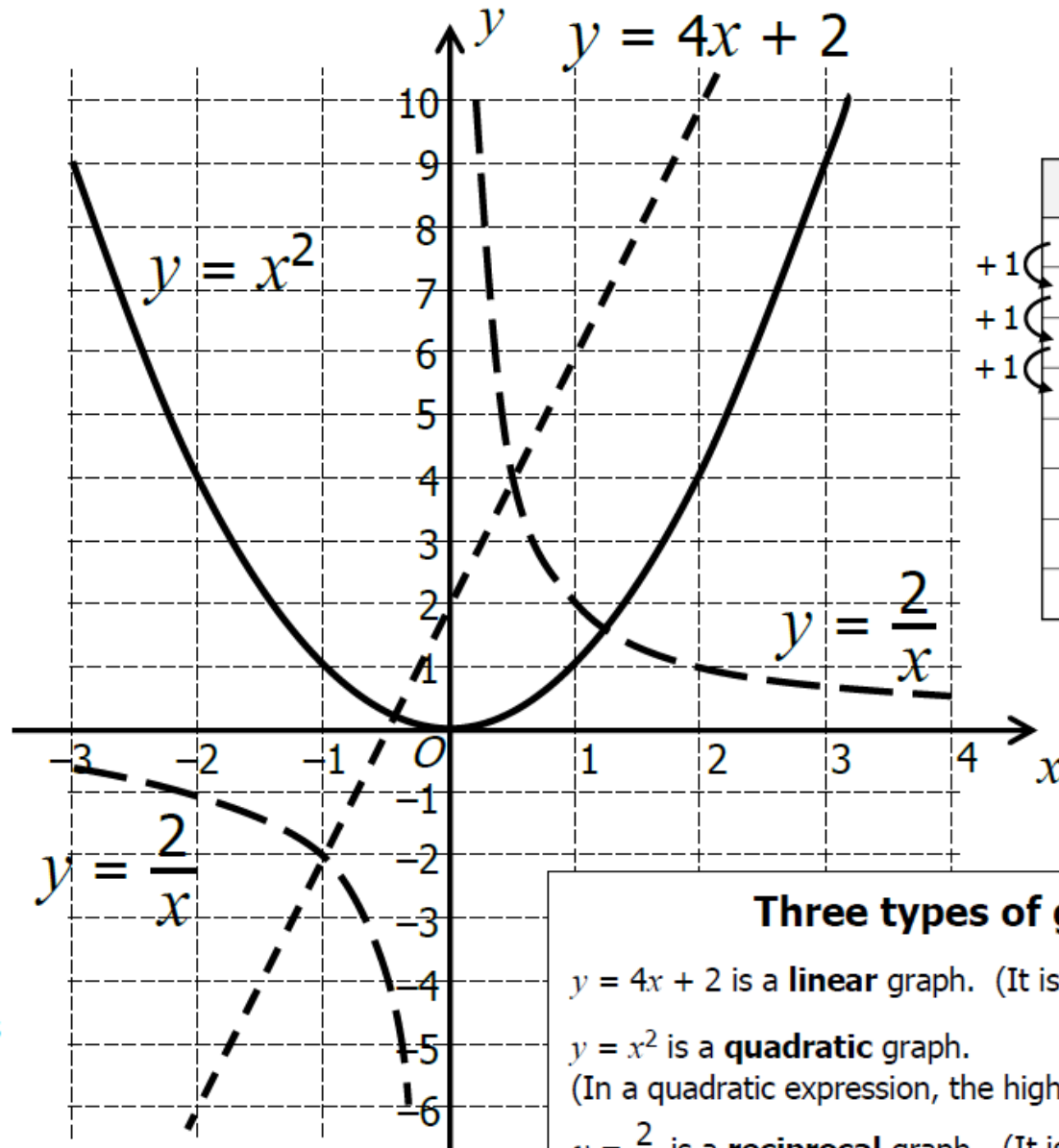
x	y
-3	9
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16

(Squaring a negative number gives a positive number)

$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$

x	y
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-1	-2
-0.5	-4
0.5	4
1	2
2	1
4	0.5

(Note that  $2 \div 0$  is meaningless.)



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4	18

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**Round 2**

**Memory  
Round**

# Memory Round

Fourth and final  
viewing of poster  
coming up!

$$y = x^2$$

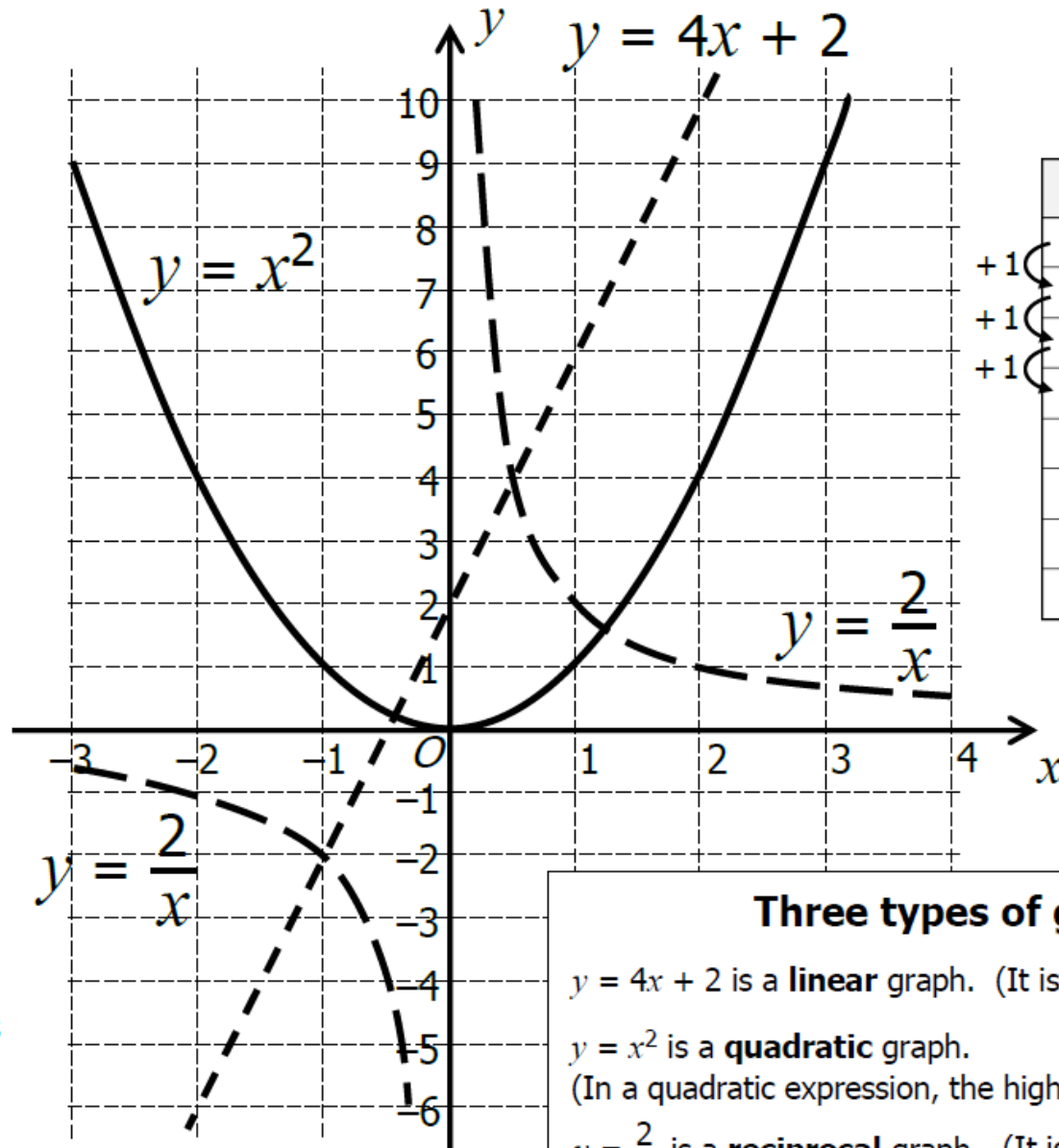
x	y
-3	9
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16

(Squaring a negative number gives a positive number)

$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$

x	y
-2	-1
-1	-2
-0.5	-4
0.5	4
1	2
2	1
4	0.5

(Note that  $2 \div 0$  is meaningless.)



$$y = 4x + 2$$

x	y
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Gradient = 4

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**Round 2**

**Memory  
Round**

# Memory Round

Time's up!

Everyone should now come back  
into the main room.

End of  
Round 2

**Round 3**

**Estimation  
Round**

## Round 3

## Question 1

Estimate the answer to this calculation:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1,725.9}{3.56}}$$

Give the answer to the nearest whole number.

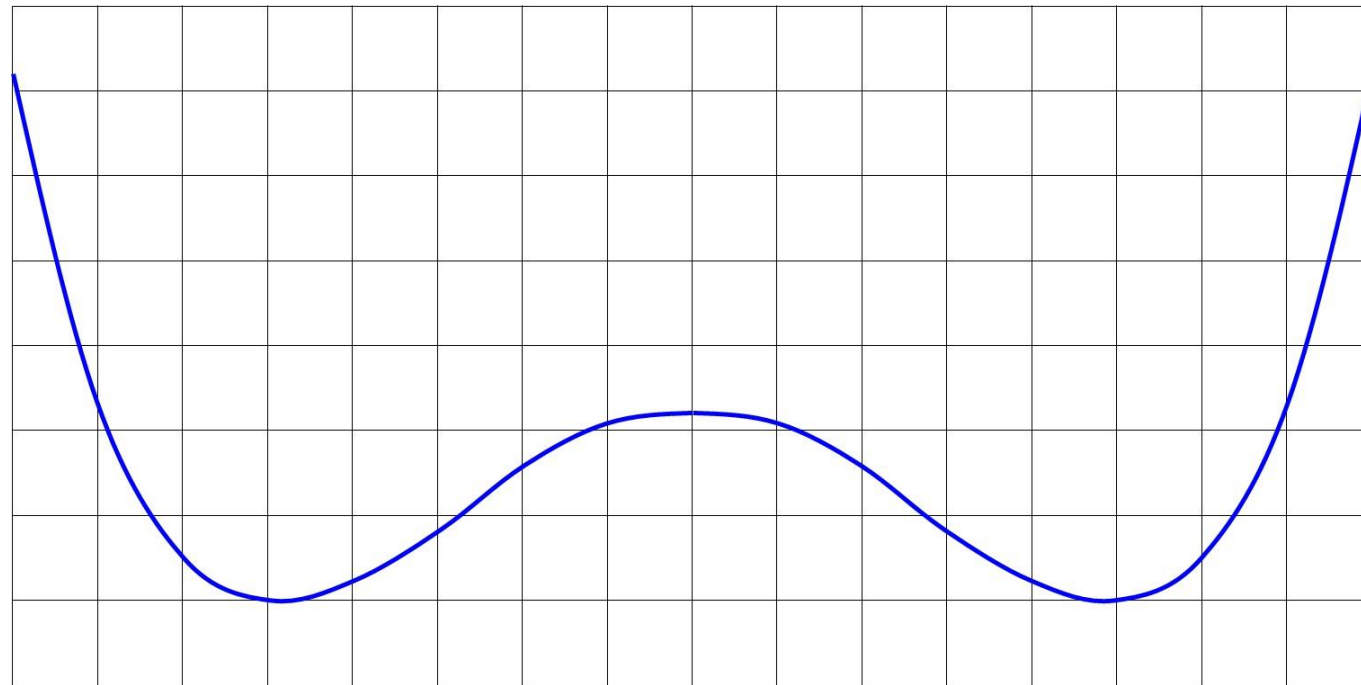


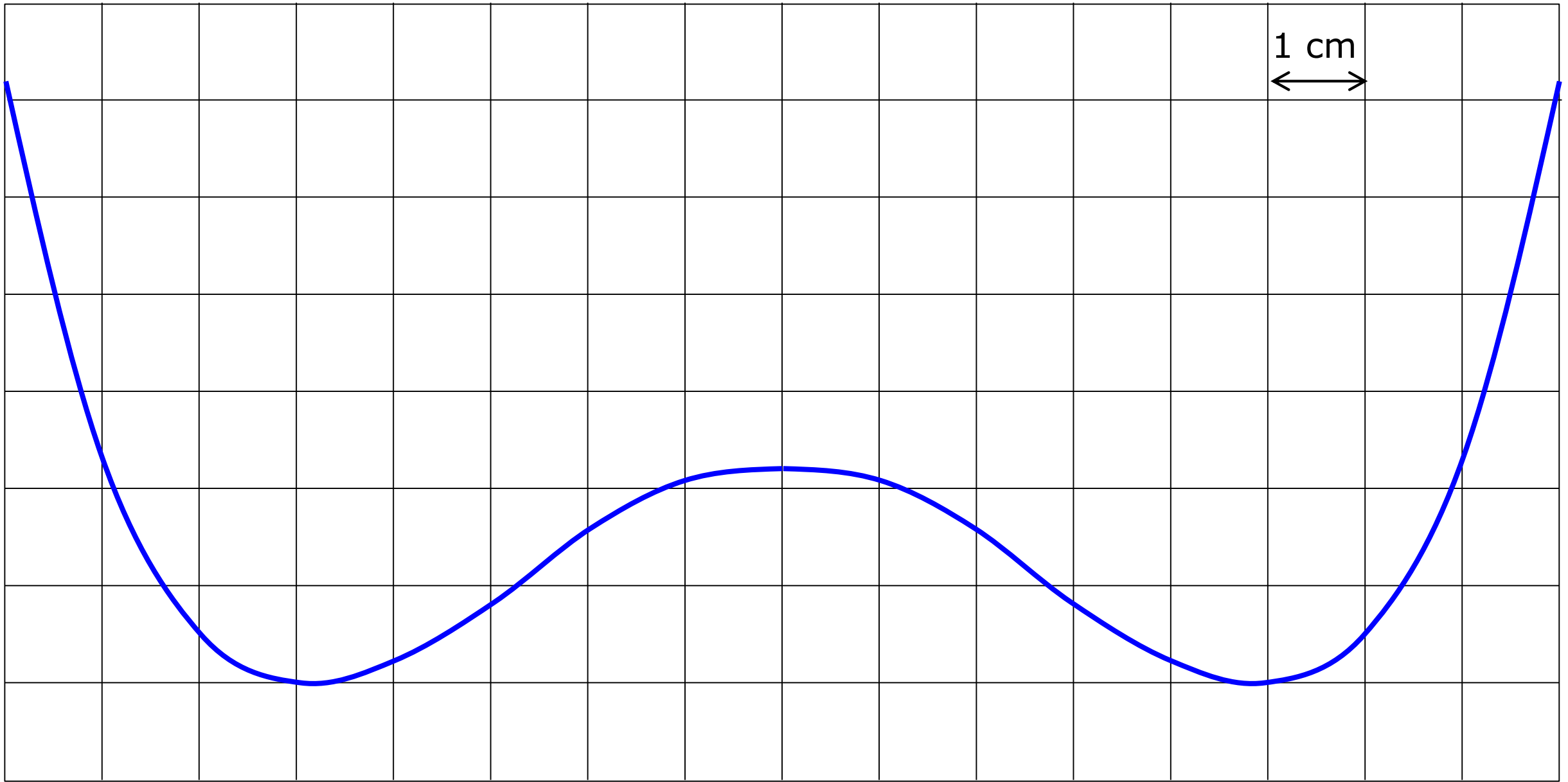
## Round 3

## Question 2

The blue curve is drawn on a centimetre-square grid.

Estimate the length of the curve, in cm.

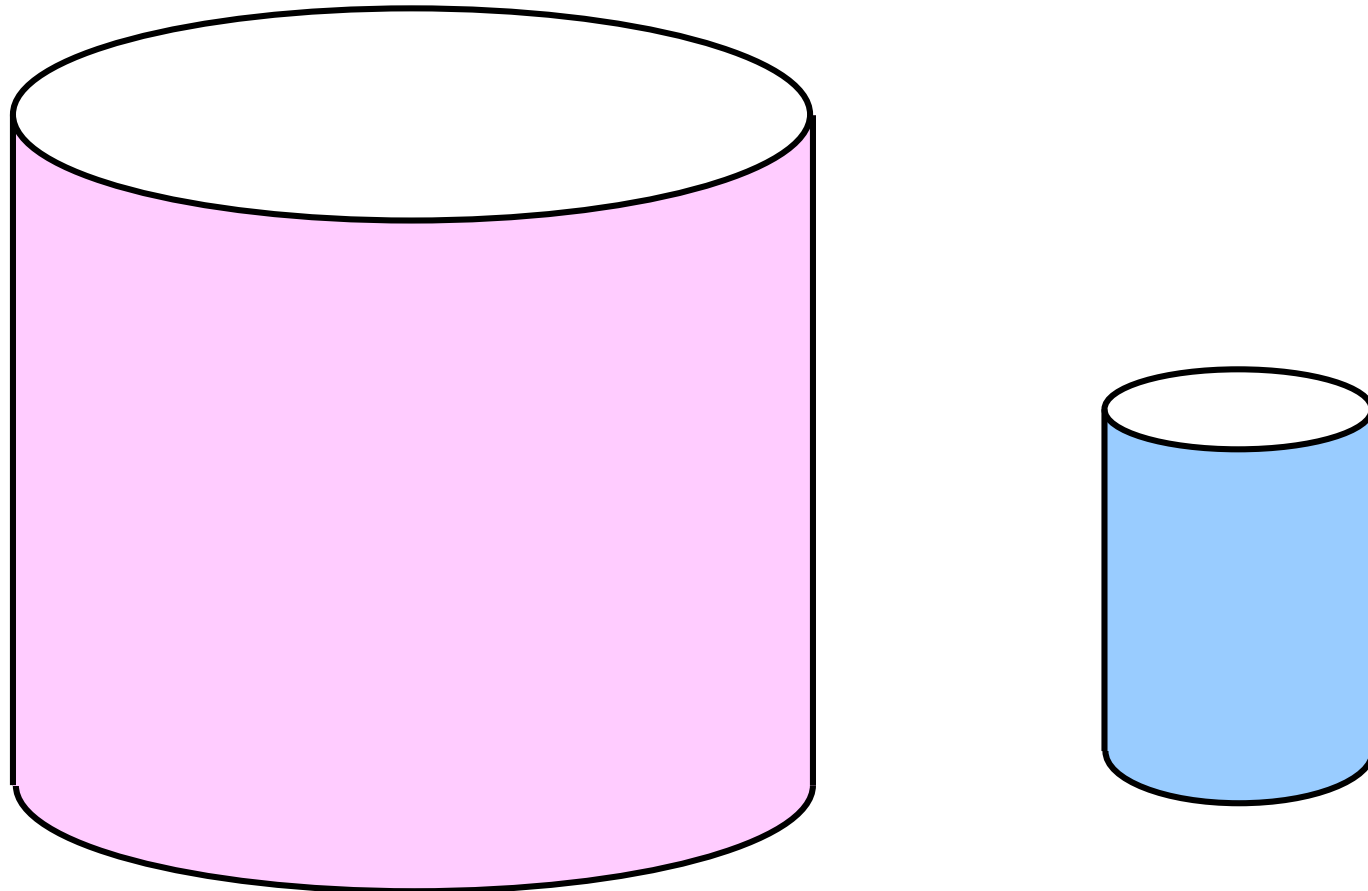




## Round 3

## Question 3

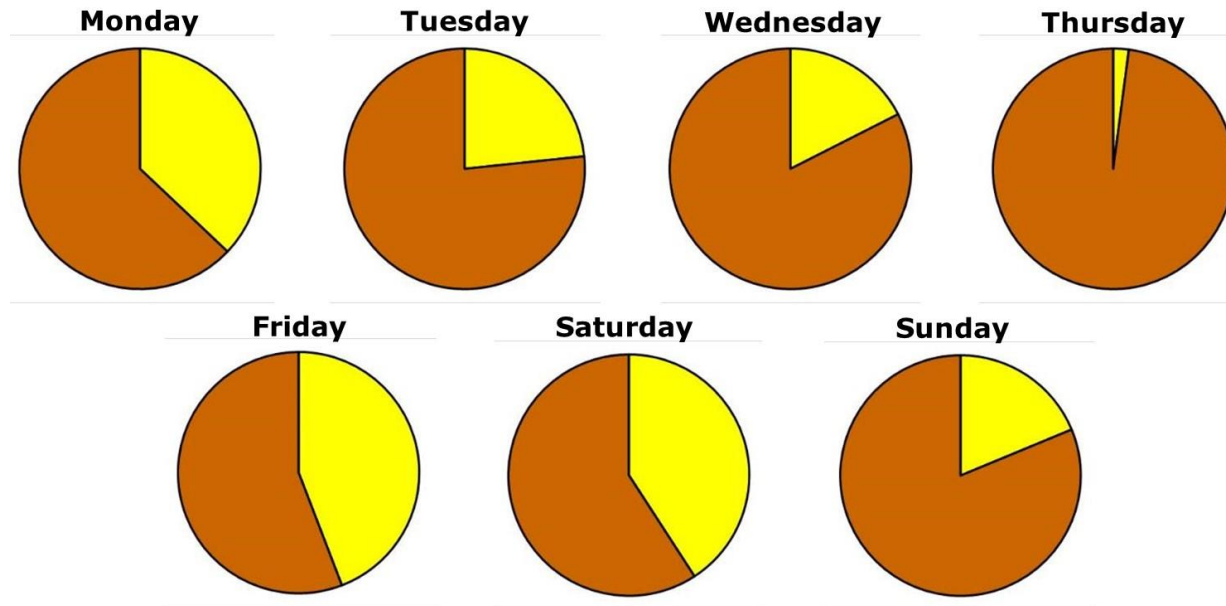
Estimate the number of cupfuls of the blue cylinder it would take to fill the pink cylinder.



# Round 3

# Question 4

These pie charts show the number of hours of sunshine each day of the week. (The yellow sectors indicate sunshine. Each day lasts 24 hours.)

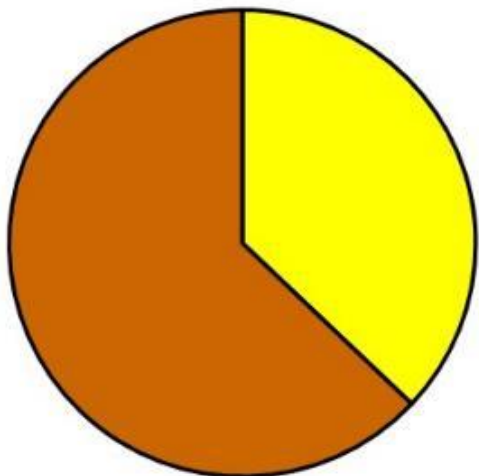


Estimate the total number of hours of sunshine over the week.

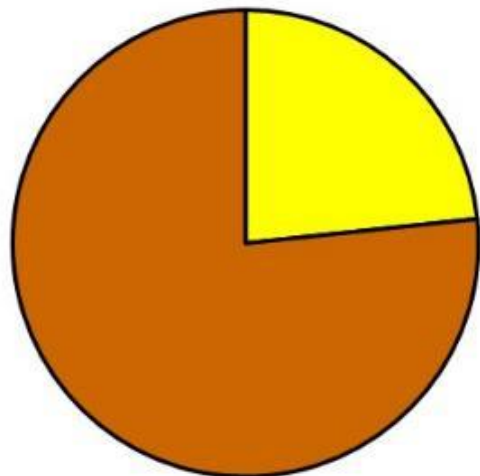
# Round 3

# Question 4

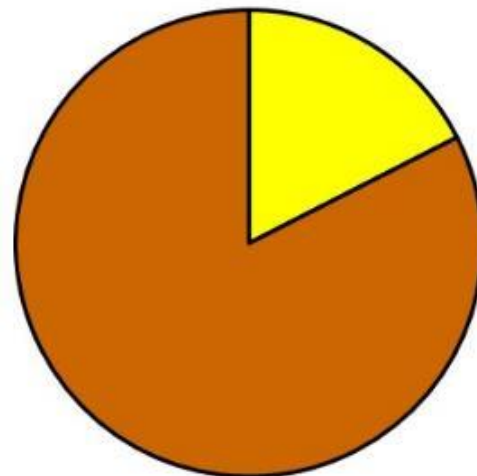
**Monday**



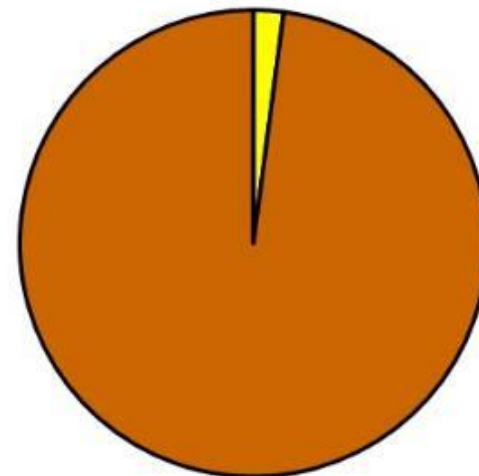
**Tuesday**



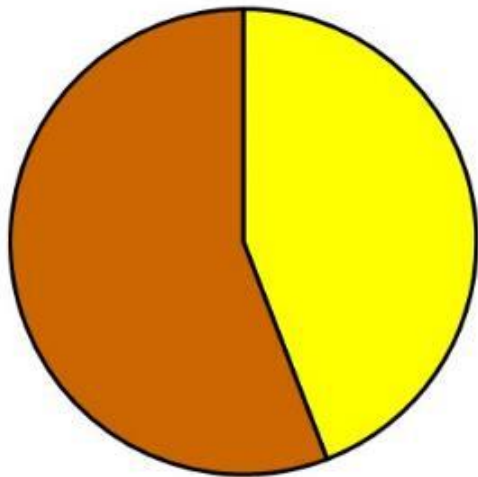
**Wednesday**



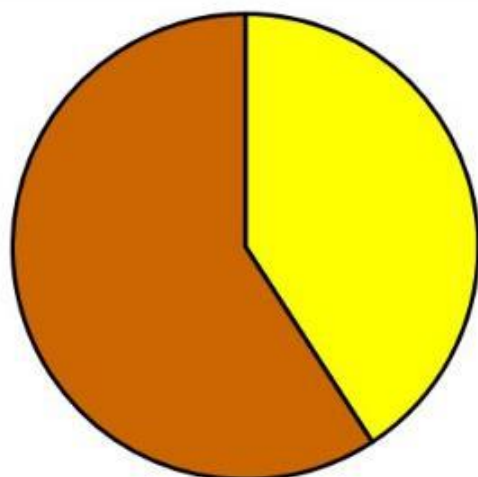
**Thursday**



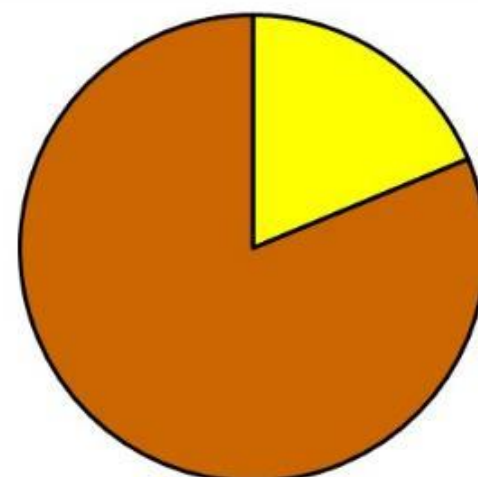
**Friday**



**Saturday**



**Sunday**

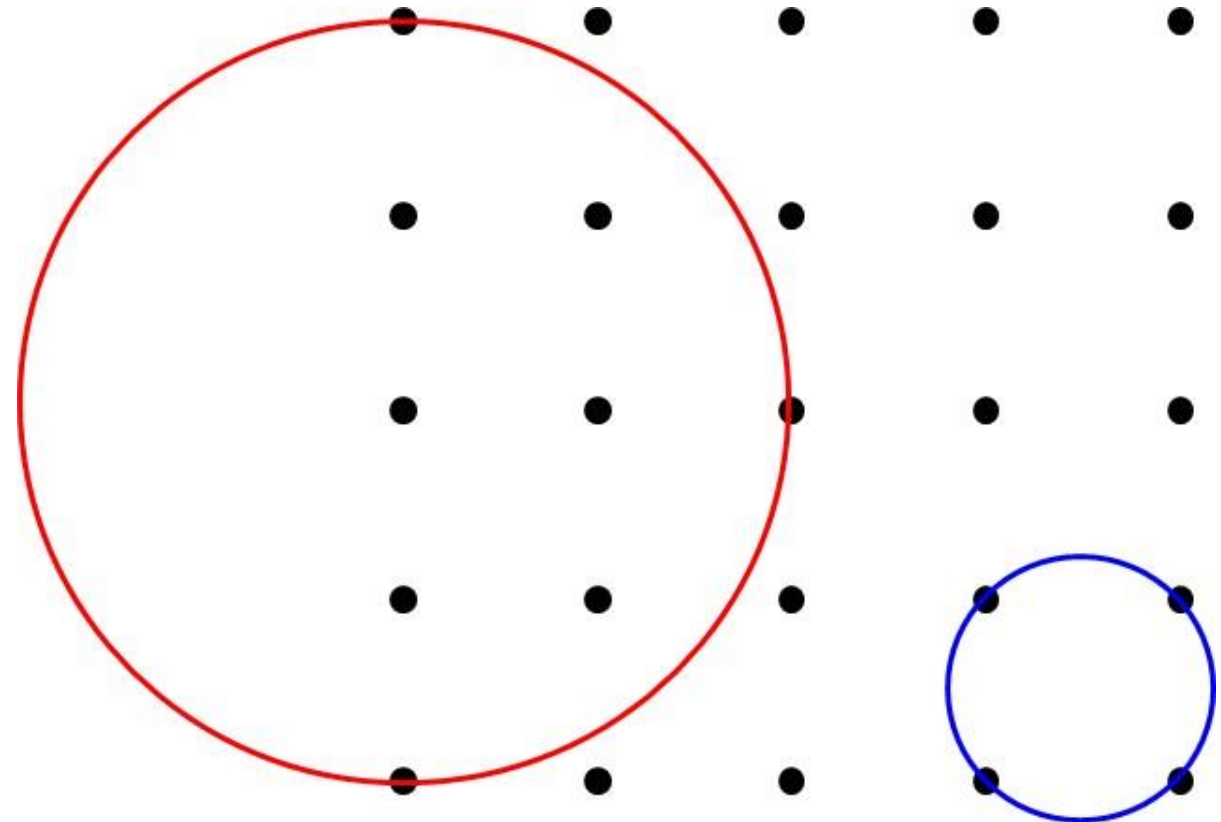


## Round 3

## Question 5

Estimate how long it is since this diagram was first displayed on the screen.

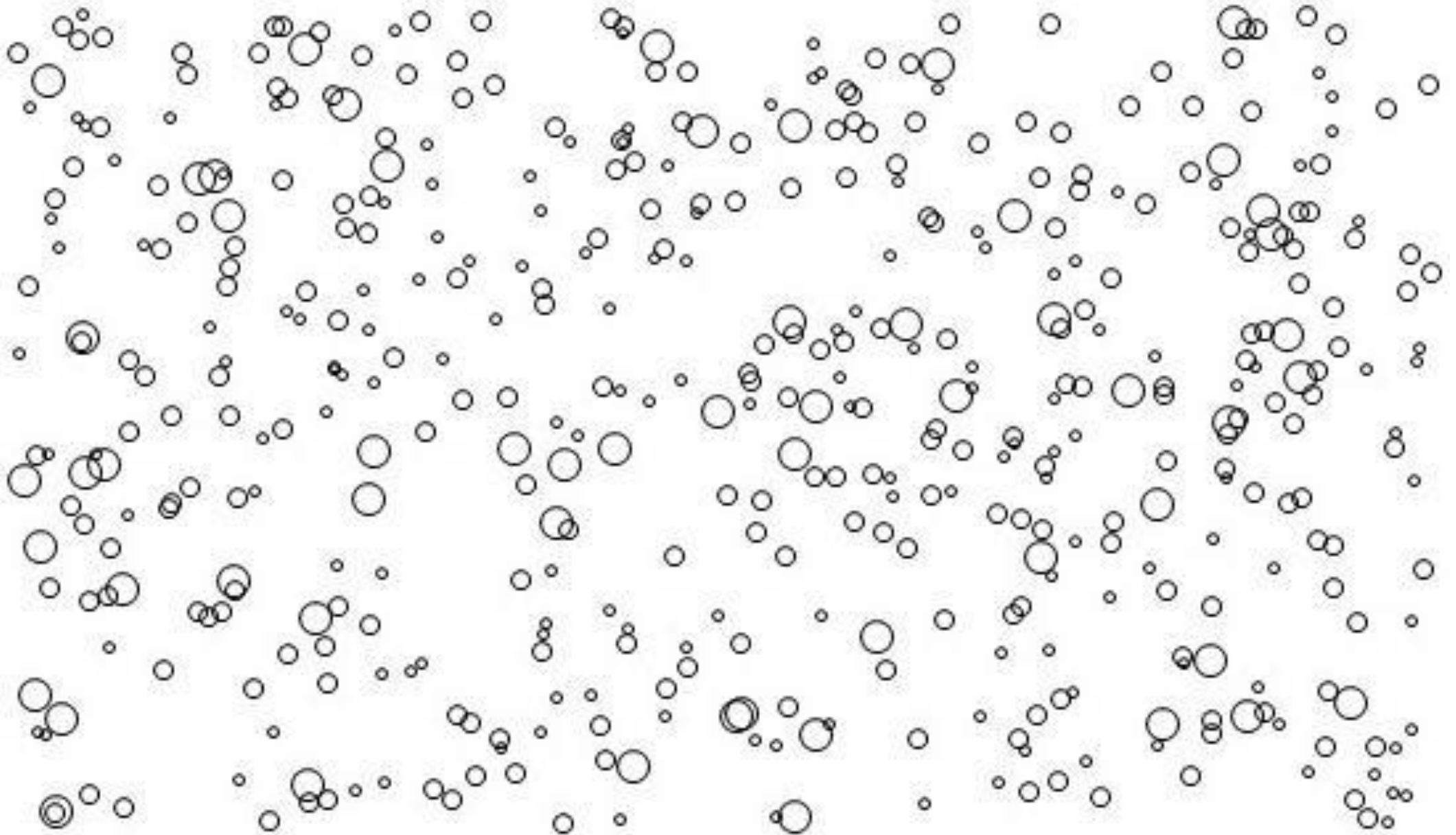
Give your answer in minutes.



Estimate the number  
of circles on the next  
slide.

# Round 3

# Question 6

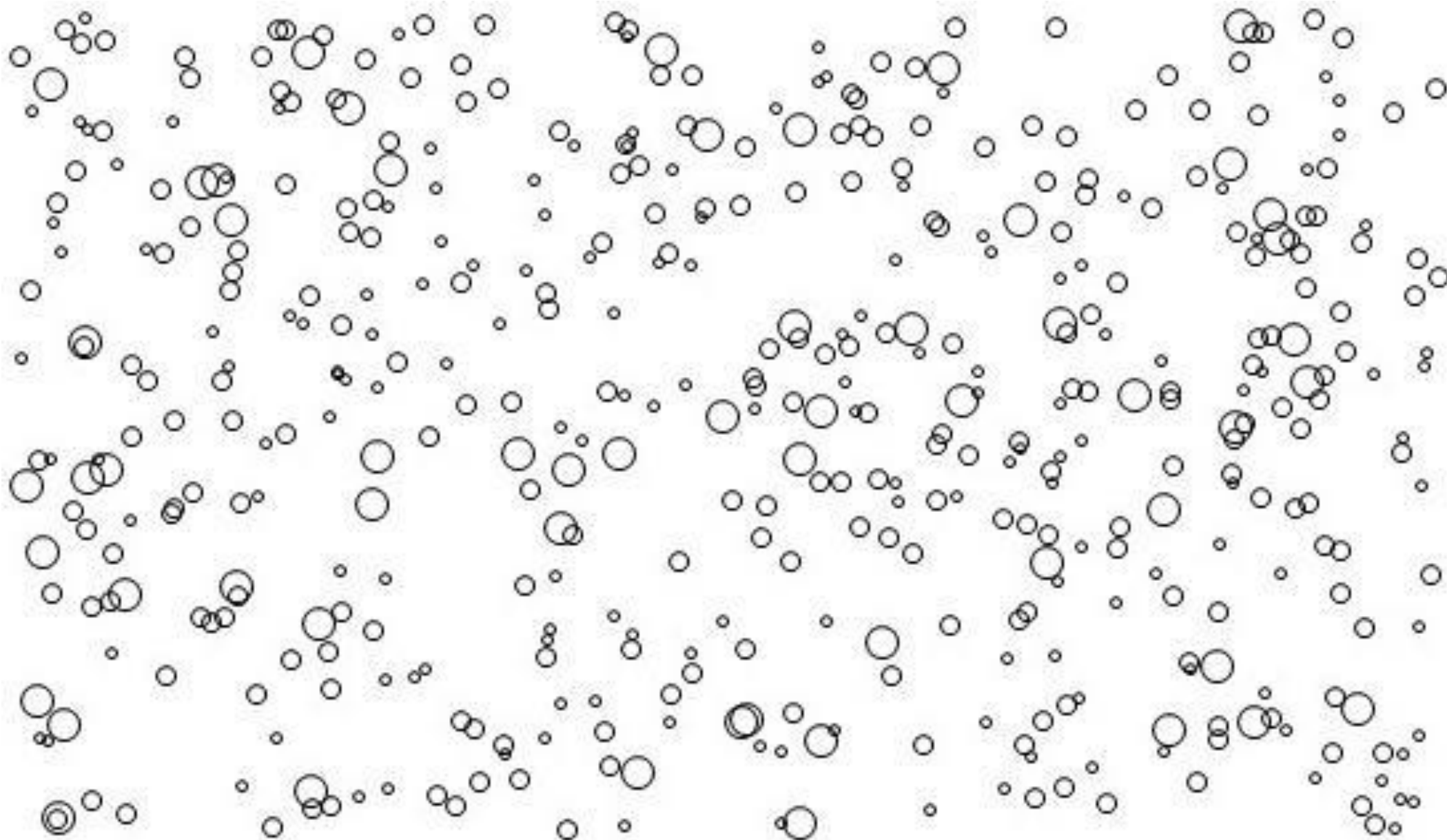




Estimate the number  
of circles on the next  
slide.

# Round 3

# Question 6



End of  
Round 3

**Round 4**

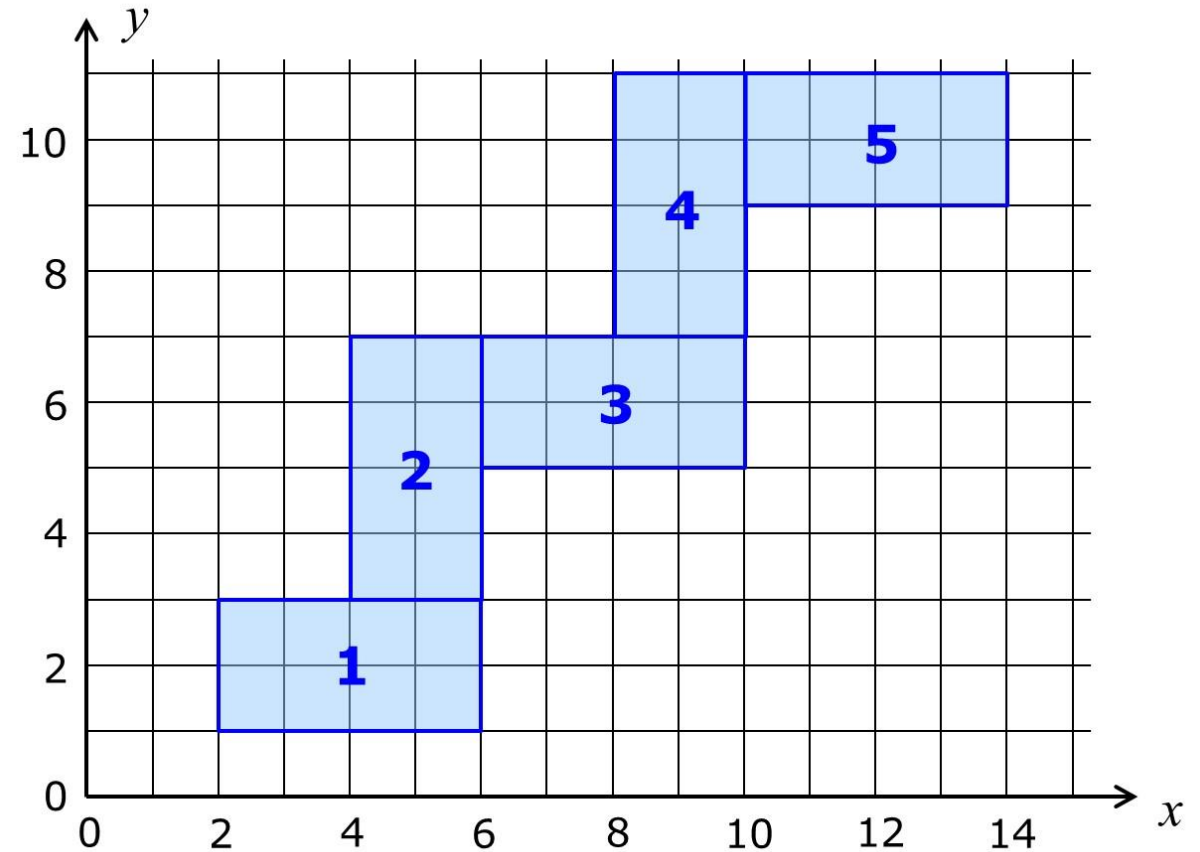
**General  
Mathematics  
Questions**

# Round 4

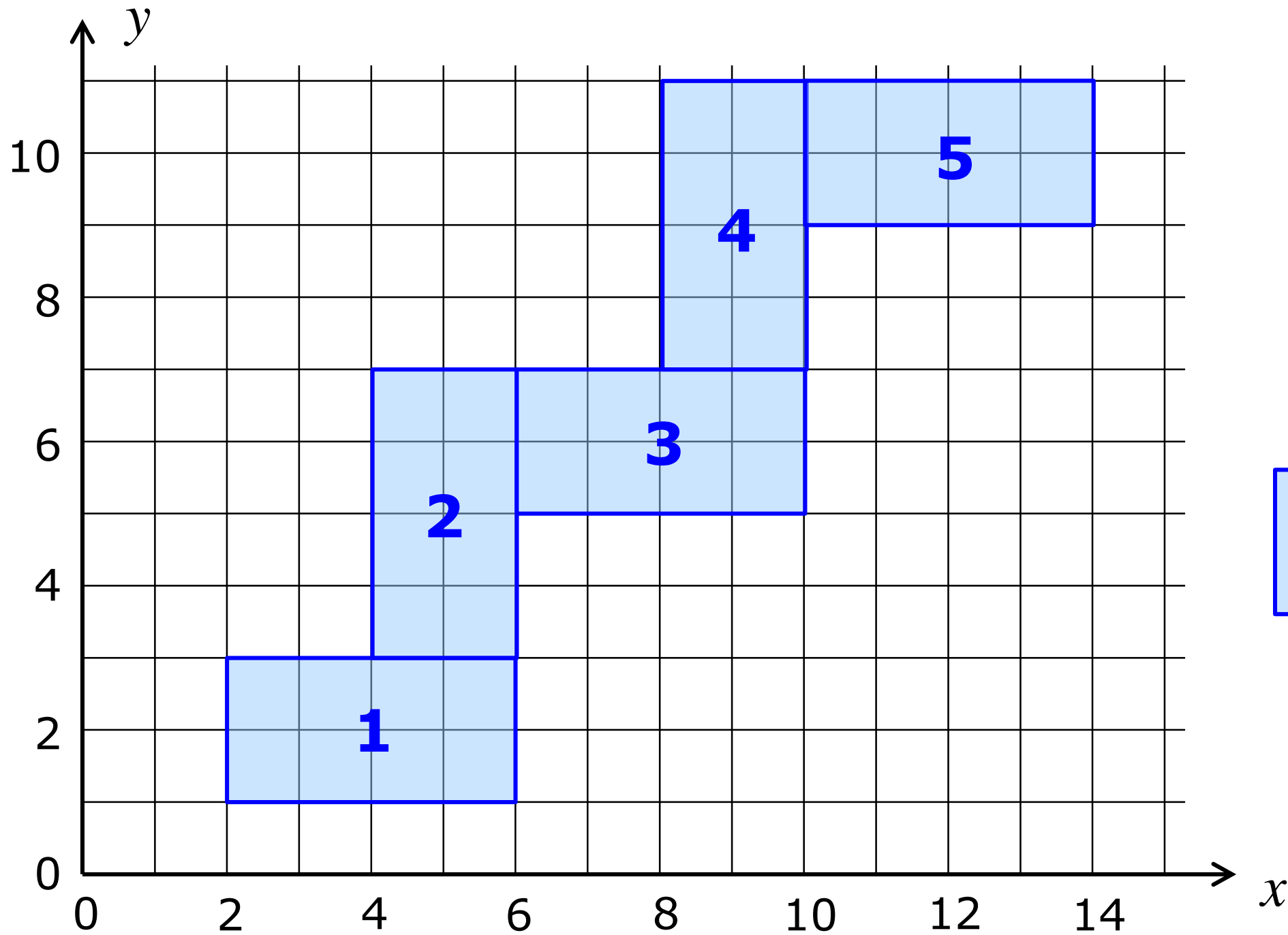
# Question 1

The diagram shows a pattern of numbered rectangles on a co-ordinate grid.

All the rectangles are **congruent**.



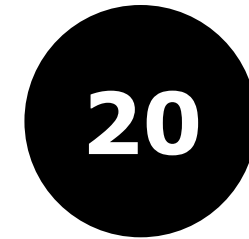
If the pattern were continued, what would be the co-ordinates of the **top right** corner of Rectangle **30**?



## Round 4

## Question 2

Fran has 20 black counters and 30 green counters.



She puts **65%** of the black counters and **80%** of the **green** counters into a bag.

What percentage of her counters has she put into the bag?

## Round 4

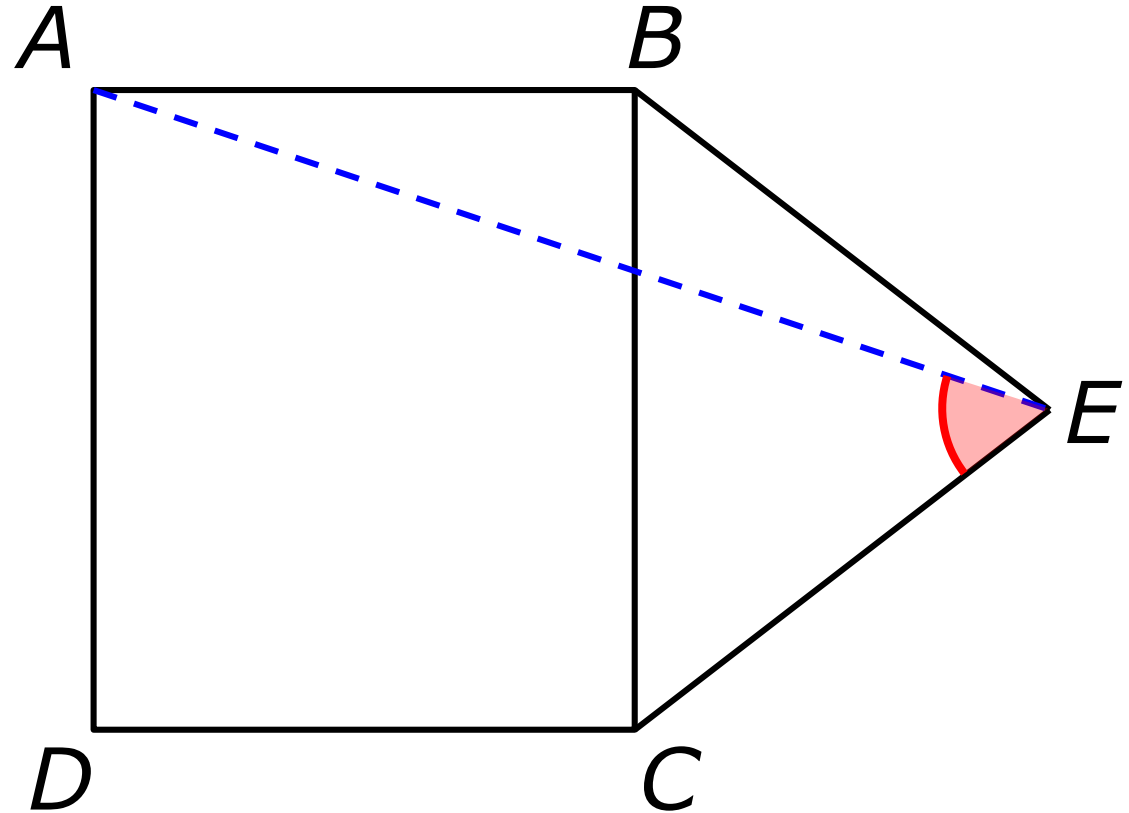
## Question 3

$ABCD$  is a square.

$BCE$  is an equilateral triangle.

**(They are not drawn accurately.)**

Work out the size of angle  $AEC$ .





## Round 4

## Question 4

Work out the value of this expression.  
Give your answer as a decimal.

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}}}$$

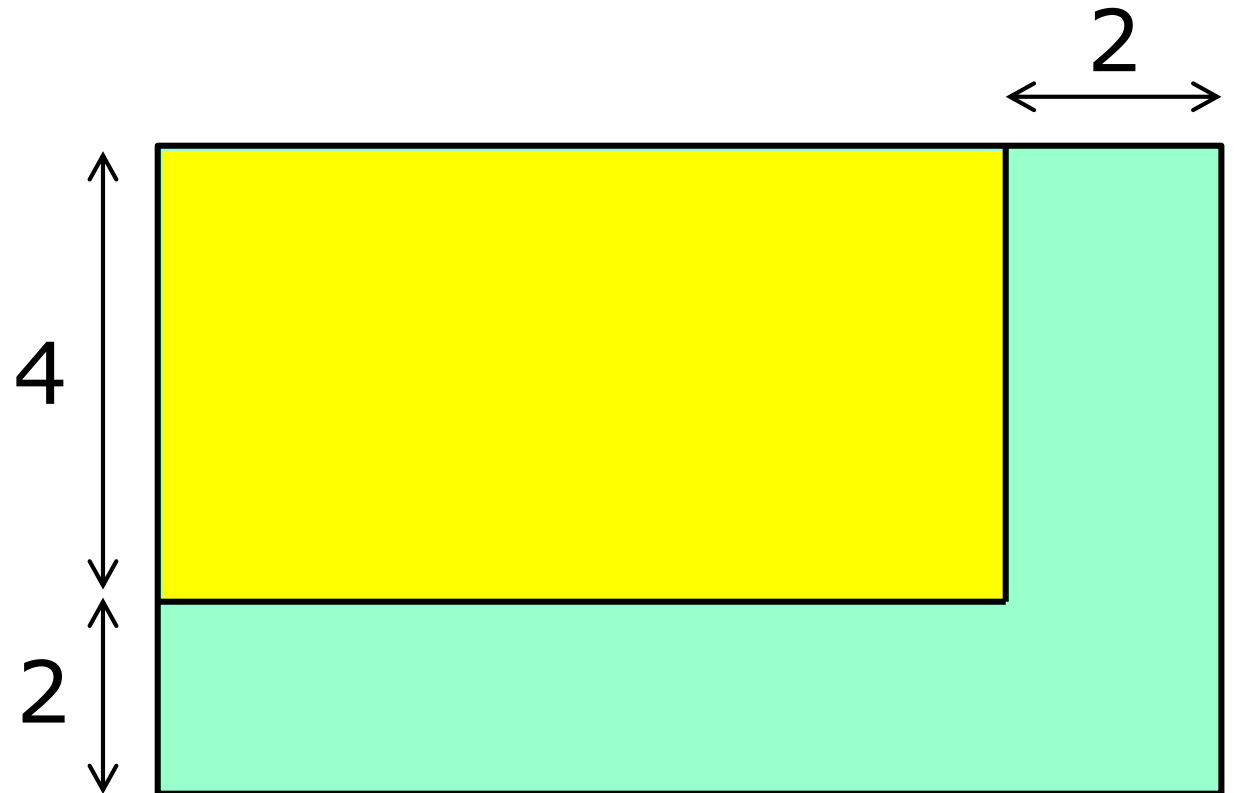
## Round 4

## Question 5

The diagram shows one rectangle inside another rectangle.

The yellow and green areas are equal.

What is the area of the yellow rectangle?



**(All lengths are in centimetres.)**

Hint

An **integer** is a whole number. It can be positive, negative or zero.

## Round 4

## Question 6

$x$  and  $y$  are integers.

$$x + y = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 13$$

What is the value of  $x^3 + y^3$  ?

End of  
Round 4

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